





Program for Strengthening Household Access to Resources







Reflecting on Five Years of Food Security and Nutrition Programming in Bangladesh

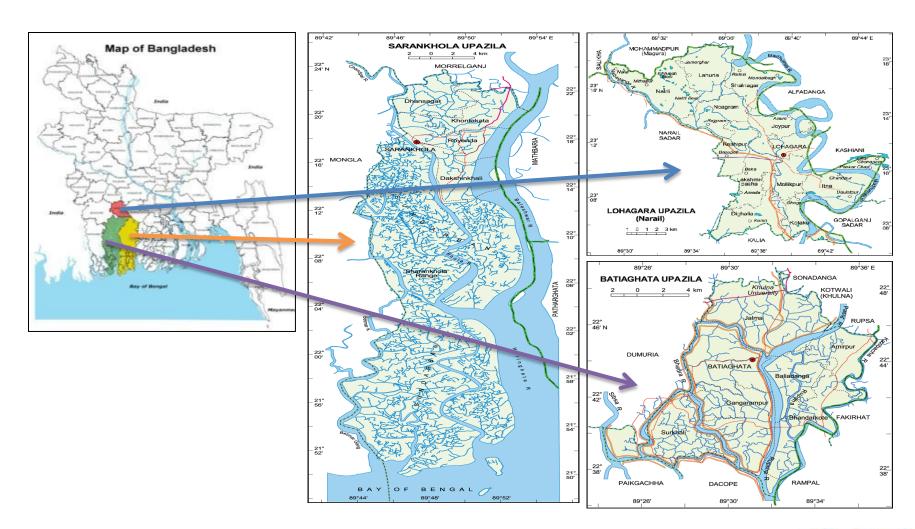






















FOOD SECURITY AND NUTRITION

- Hypothesis: food security, which includes consumption of a nutritious diet tailored to different points in life cycle are both critical.
- Technical knowledge is necessary but not sufficient to sustain gains.
- Shifts in behavior norms are necessary to sustain any gains











BIGGEST SUCCESS

 Families are improving their dietary diversity due to increased production of own produced foods and availability of additional resources that can be sold at fair prices to meet other needs.











PARTNERSHIP SUCCESS

 Engagement of the private sector to work with groups of producers to supply inputs on a timely basis and to purchase products on a timely basis











BIGGEST CHALLENGE

Natural resources!











BIGGEST LESSON LEARNED

 Designing and managing a multi-sectoral integrated development program must begin from a single point which is the basis for all activities.











WHAT WILL WE LEAVE BEHIND?

- Households who are able to maintain their dietary diversity (a) they have the resources; and (b) a critical mass of influential persons as well as PROSHAR beneficiaries are demonstrating the behavior.
- Government structures (MoH, MinAg, DMCs) who have adapted to provide services which benefit the poor;
- Private sector engagement (yay, profits)











THANK YOU!



