

What can (not) be done virtually?

The pandemic has taught everyone on a large scale what can and cannot be achieved with virtual work forms — including virtual events. Some insights were new and, at times, surprising for most of us (e.g. that virtual events can significantly increase participation). This also led to expectations, cognitive patterns and actual practices having changed significantly in certain respects. The much quoted "new normal" now needs to be defined afresh since the option of meeting conventionally, physically has become available again. Many are articulating the need to combine the best (i.e. the advantages) of both worlds, analogue and virtual. To achieve this, that is the big challenge for "hybrid events".



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What can (not) be done virtually?

(Not only) during the pandemic

- ✓ People actually experienced this as being feasible
- ▲ New standards were established
- Expectations shifted
- New practices and habits developed

What is reasonable?
How much am I prepared to travel?
How do I organise my life and my family?
What damage are my practices (e.g. travelling) causing?
How much flexibility do I owe whom?
How available am I?
How much can I actually deliver?

	Advantages of virtual	Hybrid	Advantages of analogue
During event	 Listening: People show more respect, listen more attentively, wait for their turn to speak; ordered proceedings Rapid collation of data and inputs Participants are forced to write succinctly Participation increases significantly Possibility of making contributions neutral (protection through anonymity, restriction of narcissism) Multi-channel communication for people with different preferences, cognitive limitations (form of interaction, form of transmission: captions, visuals, audio, media) Video can be switched on / off → focus Less intimidating for introverts Informal engagement is possible in a different way Flexibility in terms of speed and timeline over extended periods 	vorlds by رې	 Parallel, unplanned meetings are easily possible Informal atmosphere Easier to manage cognitively ("Zoom fatigue") Stronger personal ties between participants Meeting new people, networking Serendipity as creative element Physical activities, such as building models / forum theatre are possible (more easily) Utilisation of physical spaces and atmospheres (e.g. experiences in nature, walk-abouts, physical activities such as walking) Visual clues on presence / interest / emotions of participants (body language)
Costs / Organisation / Logistics	 Event can be less limited in terms of time Incorporation of people living far away Facilitation of participation of people with limitations Social distancing In asynchronous activities, each individual can adapt the speed to his / her personal style / needs Great creative opportunities in setting up the virtual platform Better CO2 and cost balance without travelling 	How can we retain the best of both worlds by combining them skilfully and carefully?	 Creating ties to the grassroots (with local communities) More spontaneity on the side of the facility (ability to improvise) Possibility to get in touch with nature / outdoor exercises Moderators are more accessible as human beings Once you are present, you are actually present (fewer distractions) Longer hours are possible per day No challenges regarding connectivity / bandwidth Social liability of a commitment



What are we actually talking about? (Definition of terms)

"Hybrid" is one of the big buzzwords of our times. Yet, different people (unthinkingly) have completely different ideas of what a hybrid event actually is. Thus, a definition of the term "hybrid", as well as of some other terms is necessary so that we actually speak of the same things and understand one another. Hybrid events can be "serial", "parallel" and "satellite" hybrid events which are very different. Particularly parallel hybrid events can cover a broad spectrum. It is important to clarify and consciously decide in every case what kind of hybrid event is envisaged. This must then be transparently communicated to all parties involved in order to prevent unvalidated and implicit assumptions that could cause unnecessary confusion and irritation.





Special scenario I: "VIRTUAL PLUG-IN" Virtual moderator / speakers in an analogue event

It is important to define the exact location on the spectrum in advance and to communicate this transparently to all participants!

Special scenario II: "ANALOGUE STUDIO" Analogue moderator / speakers in a virtual event

Purely virtua

Virtual keyhole in an analogue event

Purely analogue

Role of virtual participants

Non-existent

Observers

Active / passive participants

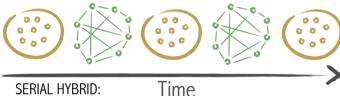
Actively contributing Lead event (alone)

online

What are we actually talking about? (Definition of terms)

Our language discloses our attitude:

do we actually consider virtual events as inferior? Phrases with negative connotations: "we must just hold the event online" "when we can meet live again" "we'll wait until we can do it properly again"



External (full)

participants in an

analogue virtual

event

SERIAL HYBRID:

Virtual - analogue events alternate on a timeline

PARALLEL HYBRID: simultaneous virtual & analogue participants in the same event

SATELLITE HYBRID:

Analogue groups that are virtually linked

Asynchronous events

Participants collaborate online according to individual time schedules / speeds

Synchronous events

Participants collaborate online in "real time", i.e. at the same time with direct interaction



How do you take an informed decision for or against a hybrid event?

Whether an event is to be a hybrid event or not (i.e. whether it should be purely analogue (onsite) or purely virtual (online) should be an informed decision. This includes answering a couple of questions. Some fundamental criteria will help in considering the benefits and thus in reaching a decision. On this basis a cost-benefit analysis can be made, i.e. the various costs must be added and compared to the expected benefits.



The following three tables refer mainly to "parallel hybrid" and — to a limited extent — to "satellite hybrid" events.

"Serial hybrid" events are much simpler because they merely alternate purely analogue and purely virtual events where everyone just follows their own "pure" logic.



Important questions

- ★ Where on the analogue-virtual spectrum do you want to position yourself? What would justify a hybrid event?
- How can you tap into the strengths of both forms, rather than being tied down by their weaknesses?
- ★ What costs are justifiable when and for what (additional) benefits?
- ★ What additional costs are balanced out by savings elsewhere?
- Who will drop by the wayside in each of the possible situations? Who will be "sacrificed"?

Are core and peripheral participants taken into consideration?

Geographic distribution of participants: "naturally" a significant group will find itself at a central location, while other individuals or smaller groups are geographically

distributed.

Maximise participation: the various participants have different cognitive / psychological / social needs / points of departure to participate fully & effectively. Some rely on onsite presence (elderly, tech-averse people, those requiring assistance...), others on online presence (introverts, those with cognitive challenges, such as persons with impaired hearing, sight or mobility, as well as those with special family needs...).

> Cost trade-off: additional resources for planning & conception, moderation, technology (finances, human resources) are compensated by savings, e.g. redundant travelling and accommodation (e.g. the costs saved for 2-3 Business Class flights will easily cover other expenses); an improved CO2 balance must be factored in.

Costs must be added up! Personal interaction: Technology: unplanned meetings; moderator informality Travelling; logistics; COSTS / EXPENSES personal safety Convenience: personal preference; accessibility analogue hybrid These subjective factors can gravitate to the one or other side, depending on the situation and the individual

How do you take an informed decision for or against a hybrid event?

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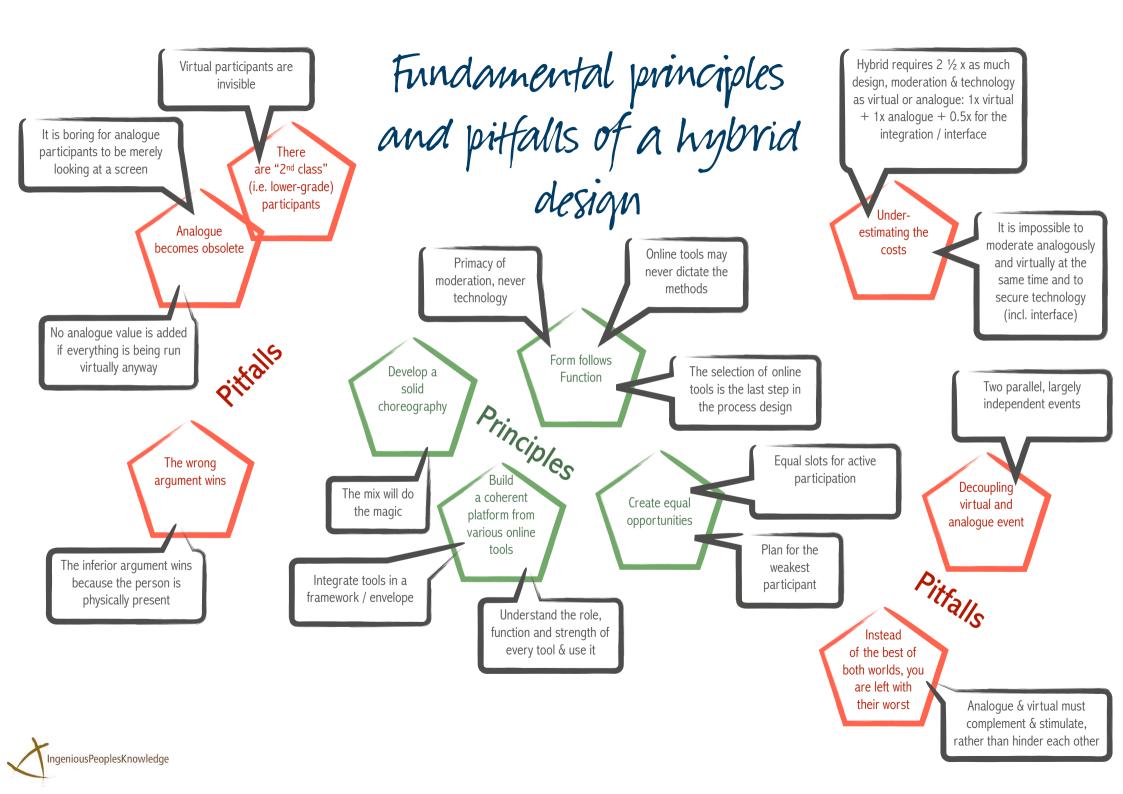
Fundamental

Fundamental principles and pitfalls of a hybrid design

A range of fundamental principles will guide the format, choreography and specific arrangements of hybrid events. While these will often only apply to the design and moderation of all kinds of events, some will be of particular significance in hybrid situations.

In addition, hybrid events hold a number of very specific pitfalls. In order to avoid these, certain imperatives should be followed in the design.

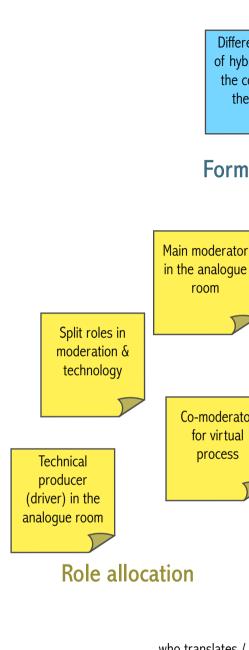




Conceptualising and designing hybrid events

A range of areas and aspects will help to successfully and effectively conceptualise and design hybrid events. The formal event design (process, choreography, rythm and interaction) must be adapted to the specific requirements of the hybrid situation. Particular attention must be paid to the work in break-out groups. The definition and allocation of specific roles will assist in keeping the event on track and the participants of both spheres (onsite and online) on the ball. Informal processes can help in establishing ties and references across the borders between the two worlds. And the targeted use of technical infrastructure can also help to achieve integration.





Different levels of hybrid during the course of the event

room

Co-moderator

for virtual process

Formal event design

Use of at least

one interface

person

Alternate the focus of events between virtual and analogue

Higher cadence shorter iterations in the programme

Frequent interaction between virtual & analogue participants <

> Design two parallel processes / programmes /

Don't let genuinely analogue means and formats fall short

Buddy system: agendas virtual-analogue pairs for informal

Conceptualising and designing hybrid events

Working in online & onsite break-out groups

All groups integrate outputs online (esp. in twins constellations)

In introductory sessions, virtual participants must be involved / made visible repeatedly remain visible

and must remain permanently / repeatedly visible

Informal-personal processes

Also offer informal rooms online (e.g. **Proximity Chats)**

exchanges

Technical infrastructure

equal slots Also use online tools in the analogue space, e.g. Q&A,

whiteboards ~

integration of outputs

blurring the analogue-virtual border

Role allocation

who translates / transfers content via the analoguehybrid interface

Every analoque group has an interface person

> that immediately transfers analogue outputs online

Create each group as an analoque-virtual "Twins"

same topic, same task, same function

frequent exchanges



A sneak peak into the future: Augmented/ Mixed Reality

Regarding hybrid events (and other hybrid forms of being and doing), we are still at the beginning of a transition phase. Currently we are still hindered by unpleasant, irritating technical limitations. Many things still feel artificial, unnatural. Also, we are only just starting to get used to many new possibilities, to adapt these and to develop the necessary / useful skills — as individuals, as society, as environment.

This is a transition phase because right now new technologies, new forms of interaction are developing very quickly, mostly unnoticed by the public. What may often still appear as utopia / illusion / futuristic, de facto already exists. The technologies of "HoloLens" from Microsoft, "Portal" (and most recently the idea of the "Metaverse" from Facebook or "Project Starline" from Google are some examples (please note, all of them are being developed by tech giants, with the myriad of smaller innovators being even more difficult to discover and assess as laypersons) that are still in the exploration phase (and are neither accessible nor affordable for the general public). They are all still in their infancy and thus "inconvenient" for day-to-day use but are promising a rapid transformation of hybrid interaction.





The gaming industry knows how to engage, motivate and keep people active virtually for many hours

A sneak peck into the future:

The transitions between analogue and virtual are becoming fluid, seamless and invisible



Blurring of borders between space and time, where / when we are analogue and where / when not (up to omnipresence)



Augmented / mixed
es" are veality "Devices" are

disappearing / are no longer recognisable as such

Like TV studios we are incorporating the entire analogue space into the Virtual & analogue spaces become extensions of each other

virtual presence



Soon we will cognitively ignore when something is virtual



Technical guidance

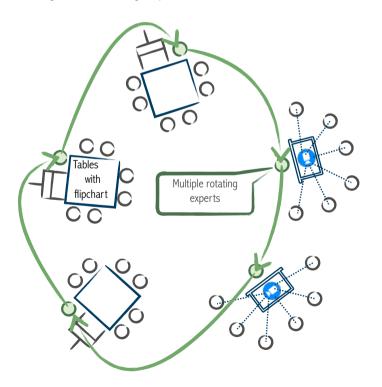


Examples of hybrid formats

A) Expert briefings (aka Speed Geeking)

<u>Underlying idea:</u> Multiple experts circulate simultaneously from one break-out group to the next and repeat a short briefing, followed by a Q&A / discussion phase.

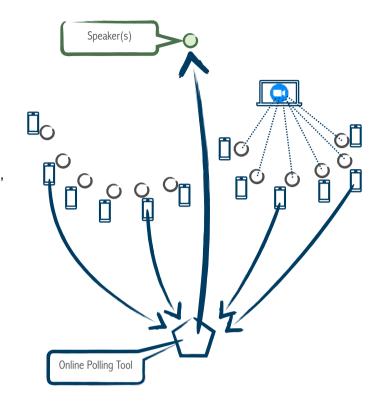
<u>Hybrid form:</u> While in analogue events all groups are sitting at tables, hybrid events will allow some groups to sit at tables and others to be constituted on Zoom (virtual tables). Experts move from a table to a notebook to a table and interact alternately with analogue and virtual groups.



B) Presentations (incl. panels)

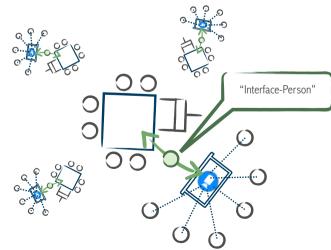
<u>Underlying idea:</u> Experts / groups present and receive feedback (questions, comments) to which they can then in turn respond.

Hybrid form: Virtual participants join by video / audio; in order to ensure equal opportunities for all, all participants (whether they are analogue or virtual) use the same virtual channel to ask questions or make comments. Polling Tools make provision for this. They combine all comments in one stream and optionally allow an evaluation by the collective.



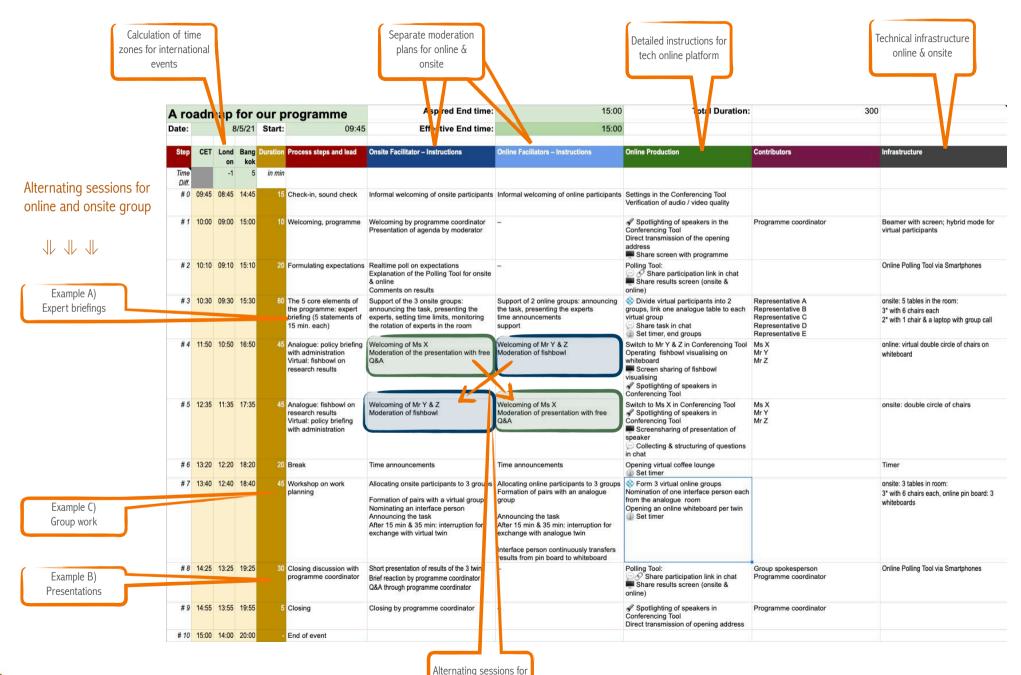
C) Group work (with analogue-virtual "Twins")

<u>Underlying idea:</u> The participants work in parallel break-out groups. Every analogue group has a digital twin that is simultaneously working on the same task. All groups have a pin board to collect their results (analogue or digital). <u>Hybrid form:</u> Virtual participants form their own groups by video / audio; the groups are linked in pairs. One person in the analogue group acts as "human interface", i.e. transfers / consolidates analogue results to the digital pin board of the digital twin and informs the analogue group of the results from the digital group. At regular intervals (approx. every 15 min) both groups interrupt their work for a brief exchange with their twin in order to allow integration and mutual stimulation.





Example of a moderation plan



online and onsite group



Network plan for meeting room with hybrid set-up

