

Adaptations in the Face of Constant Change: Protecting Development Gains and Remote Post-Distribution Monitoring

7:00 - 8:00 AM ET | Monday, June 21, 2021

Everyone must select a language!

Click "interpretation" at the bottom of your Zoom window and select English, French, or Spanish.

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Meet our Presenters



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Mercy Corps



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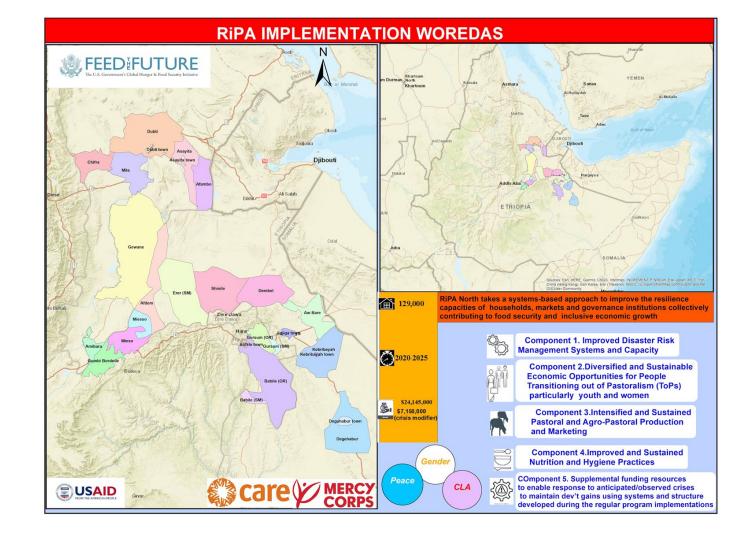
ADRA International



Protecting
Development
Gains in the Face
of Shocks

Mercy Corps





Underlying Challenges in Lowland Ethiopia

Crisis Modifier

- Conditional funding/budget
- Embedded within a development project

Shocks and Stresses

Ecological

- Drought
- Erratic rainfall
- Floods
- Pest/disease outbreak

Conflict

- Violence
- Displacement
- Destruction of assets
- Market closures
- Trauma

Context in Ethiopia



Flood in Afar



Desert Locust

ETHIOPIA

CURRENT OCT - DEC 2020 (BELG+MEHER)

8.6 MILLION PEOPLE FACE HIGH LEVELS OF ACUTE FOOD INSECURITY DUE TO COVID 19, DISPLACEMENT AND HIGH FOOD PRICES

PROJECTED JAN - JUNE 2021 (BELG+MEHER)

12.9 M
24% of the analyzed population (around 54 M)

People facing high acute food insecurity

People facing high acute food insecurity

Projected JAN - JUNE 2021 (BELG+MEHER)

Phase 0 People in Catastrophe
23% of the analyzed population (around 18 M - for Meher only)

Phase 1 0,279,333 People in Crisis

Phase 3 1,42,436 People in Crisis

People facing high

acute food insecurity

(IPC Phase 3 or above)

IN NEED OF

URGENT ACTION

IPC ACUTE FOOD INSECURITY ANALYSIS

October 2020 - September 2021

Issued December 2020

6,499,271 People

in Stressed

security

People in food

Phase 7,113,384

å_38.6 M	Phase 5	0 People in Catastrophe	12.9 M		0 People in Catastrophe
16% of the alyzed population round 53 M)	Phase 4	1,418,043 People in Emergency	24% of the analyzed population (around 54 M)	Phase 4	2,592,136 People in Emergency
ople facing high ute food insecurity C Phase 3 or above)	Phase 3	7,191,494 People in Crisis	People facing high acute food insecurity (IPC Phase 3 or above)	Phase 3	10,279,333 People in Crisis
	Phase 2	15,772,169 People in Stressed		Phase 2	17,353,112 People in Stressed
NEED OF	Phase 1	28,605,694 People in food security	IN NEED OF URGENT ACTION	Phase 1	23,752,632 People in food security

The 2020 IPC Belg and Meher analysis has analysed a larger rural population of 53 million people compared to 41 million in the 2020 Belg analysis. The increase in population is due to additional areas from Meher dependent areas added to the previously analysed population.

COVID Impact



Steps Followed to Respond to COVID-19 and Flood



Conduct rapid market assessment Prepared concept note and budget to request donor approval Identify and select potential partners to implement response activity

Response Interventions

3 regional MFIs 319 enterprises 1595 HH members 79,750 USD



130 handwashing stations 840 liquid soap 1200 face masks 17,000SBCC materials



15 Luk traders, 5000 livestock, 1200 HHs



Challenges and Lessons

Challenges

- Response activities was slower given movement restrictions
- The nature of crisis made fund allocation restricted and limited resources
- Strained government relationships
- Scale back response interventions

Lessons

- Integrated response activities allowed for effective use of financial and human resources
- Program in shock and stress prone areas need to inherit adaptive management to respond to new information and condition



Key Lessons and
Recommendations for
Remote PostDistribution
Monitoring (PDM) in
Emergencies

ADRA International



Session Objectives



- Learn about the challenges for remote Post-Distribution Monitoring (PDM) due to COVID-19 in several programming contexts
- Review lessons learned from these adaptations
- Explore recommendations for conducting remote PDMs



Shelter and Settlements Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Hygiene Promotion

WASH Non-Food Items



Food vouchers

Electronic vouchers and hot meals

In kind - hygiene and food kits



PDM Adaptations



Telephone surveys

+

Whatsapp groups

+

KoboToolBox weblink

+

Reduced home visits (COVID-19 protocol compliant)







Limitations of Remote PDM



- Unstable/unavailable technology: phones and phone networks
- Limited access to required technology: WhatsApp, internet connections
- Lower verification/response rates
- Verifying/validating information is complex
- Unmet participant expectations



Integrate COVID education into activities

Give advance warning of remote PDM

Select larger number of potential respondents

DQA is key

Be flexible



Promising Practices



- Contact details during registration
- Advance notification
- WhatsApp groups + survey link
- Include open-ended questions
- Mixed methodology post covid19



Q&A Session





Thank you!

Merci!

¡Gracias!

Please take our brief evaluation

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