

Saving Lives and Killing Pests: Fumigation and Protection of Warehoused Food Aid Commodities

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Agenda for this Session: (1.5 hr)

Introductions (5 min)
Key Findings of the PEA (15 min)
Plenary Q & A (10 min)
Break-Out Groups (20 min)
Group Report Out (30 min)
Synthesis (10 min)



What is the problem?



<u>Commodity losses due to</u> <u>insect infestation</u>

Loss of weight, nutritional value and synergistic interaction with mycotoxins va



Food for Peace, Title II:

1-2 Million MT, ~\$1.7 B, ~50 Million people (FY10 & 11)

Fumigants Basics

Metal Phosphides (e.g., Tri-tox, Phostoxin, Quik-Fume)



Phosphine (gas):

- Restricted Use Pesticide High acute toxicity, inhalation
- Colorless, fish/garlic odor
- Highly explosive, corrosive
- Chemical warfare





Rehab symptoms match phosphine poisoning: Hospital Jul 10th, 2012 by admin.

MUMBAI: Even as police officials and the Chougles deny that pest control was responsible for the deaths of Rameez and Rehab last week, the hospital that treated Rehab has verified that the victim and her family had offered this reason when they came for treatment.

Contractor Arrested for Culpable Homicide

What Happened?

- Two siblings, Rameez and Rehab Chougles vomited blood, died of inflammation of lung
- House was treated with phosphine by an unlicensed fumigator
- Entered a fumigated space and turned on the air conditioning without opening windows
- Only < 1 gram used

What went wrong?

- No Markings indicating Fumigation
- Unlicensed Fumigator
- Obtained at a Local Chemical Store



What Technology is Needed?

- 1. Appropriate PPE use and maintenance
- 2. Fumigation gas monitoring, efficacy and hazard
- 3. Gas impermeable tarps, sand snakes



Full-face respirator





Overview of Fumigation Programmatic Environmental Assessment



Fumigants are an important tool, when used properly!



Environmental Compliance at USAID



PEA Provides PERSUAP Template!



"Pesticide Evaluation Report and Safer Use Action Plan"... ... also known as a PERSUAP, and has two major parts:



22 CFR 216.3(b), USAID Pesticide Procedures

<u>Assessing Safety</u>– Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA)





Fumigation Management Plan (FMP)

- Written description of the steps designed to plan for a safe, legal and effective fumigation.
- Contents:
 - Describes of the commodity and ownership
 - Establishes emergency plan and safety
 - Lists equipment and supplies
 - Confirms steps are met for application and monitoring
 - Confirms steps are met for disposal and cleanup



USAID Food Assistance Program Name:

PHOSPHINE FUMIGATION MANAGE (SHEETED STACKS ONLY)

THIS FMP TEMPLATE PROVIDES A STEP BY ENSURE SAFE AND EFFECTIVE FUMIGATIC FUMIGATION PERSONNEL

CONTENTS

COMMODITY AND OWNERSHIP
EMERGENCY PLANINING AND SAFETY
APPLICATION AND MONITORING
DISPOSAL AND CLEANUP
ANNEXED LOGS AND DOCUMENTATION

What Safety Equipment Should our Fumigator be Wearing?



What Safety Equipment do Pesticide Applicators Often (not) Wear?



Unknown Gas Concentration: Leaky (holes) or Gas Permeable Tarps (Need Impermeable)



Think Gore Tex©: Liquid Impermeable, but Gas Permeable = No Good

Post Application Gas Monitoring Devices



Direct Read-out Meter

- Accurate from 0-200 ppm
- Alarm that goes off at 0.3 ppm



Color-Metric Tube Detectors

 Color change over a range from 0.15-5 ppm



Draeger Tube Detectors

 Range from 0.01-10,000 ppm



Fumigation sheet covering

the whole stack

Safety & Efficacy Needed

- New Technology Practices:
 - 1. Appropriate PPE use and maintenance
- 2. Fumigation gas monitoring, efficacy and hazard
- 3. Gas impermeable tarps, sand snakes



least 0.3m





Impacts of Fumigation Assessment?

- Protect food aid resources and doing no harm
- Ability for USAID to speak authoritatively with scientific-evidence basis to justify
- <u>New technologies</u> into program warehouse operators and fumigation service providers
- <u>Agency resource</u> for food security programs, BFS
- Improve country warehousing, <u>global market</u> <u>standards</u>





USAID Programmatic Environmental Assessment for Commodity Fumigation at:

<u>http://www.usaidgems.org/fumigationpea.htm</u>

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Q: Why should we change how we have been fumigating for years?

Q. Will existing USAID programs need to develop a fumigation PERSUAP right away?

Q. Will we really have to do the FMP? Why isn't the PERSUAP enough?

Q: Are efficacy and hazard monitoring, gas impermeable tarps and use of canister respirators apparatus firm requirements?

Q. What if the Fumigation Service Provider and warehouse operator does not already own and use this required equipment?

Q. What if monitoring equipment and breathing apparatus are not available in-country?

Q. Are these requirements permanent?



Break-Out Exercise:



1. What are the steps that your organizations will take to implement the findings of the Fumigation PEA?



Sand snakes holding the sheet to the ground and overlapping by at least 0.3m

