

## Defining the 'known unknowns': Developing and working with a program learning agenda

FSN Network July 11, 2014





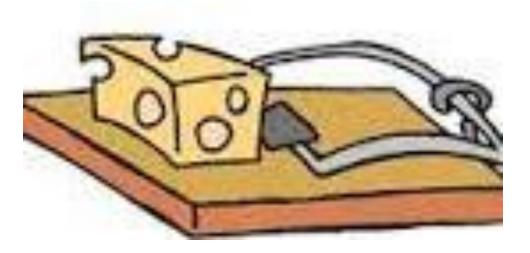
### The donor only cares about results

So we need to focus on coverage and numbers reached, not learning





What if... we built a better mousetrap...





...to fight the common cold?



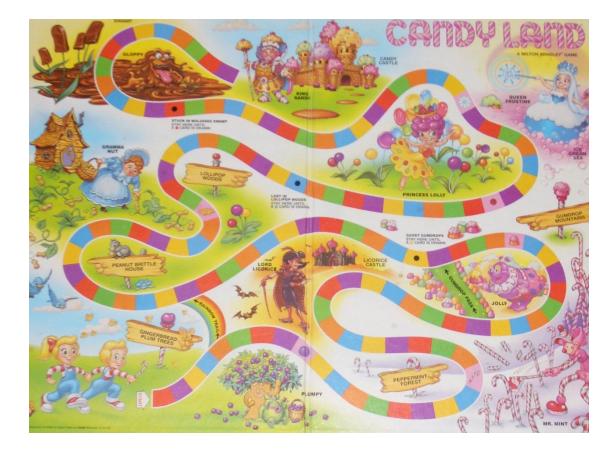


### If we didn't achieve the results we were seeking, something was wrong with the implementation.



### Role of inquiry

### If only our path forward was always so straightforward





### Role of inquiry

But the local systems we work in are more complicated – the causal pathways not always clear







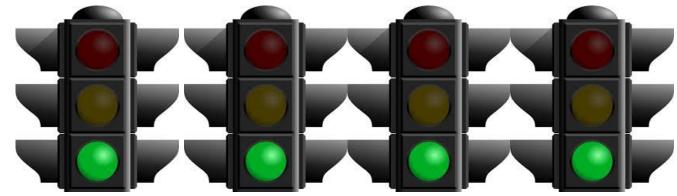
# Hard evidence is the only form of learning that counts



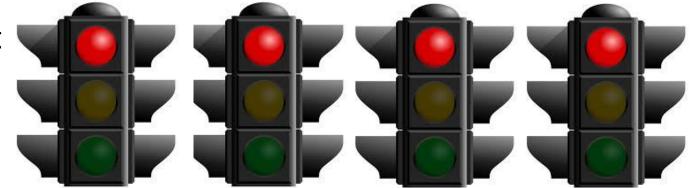


#### But what if...

...the data tells us all is proceeding as planned



but we're not seeing the change we expected?







## USAID is the best source for our learning agenda.



### Role of inquiry



It's easy to feel at home in the world of our own assumptions

While the view might look very different out another set of windows





What do we want to learn about?

- Effectiveness of the approach
  - How can we ensure our approach is one that will really work?
- Quality of implementation
  - How can we improve performance?
- Fit to context
  - How can we ensure a good fit with the local environment?



## When to inquire?

- Design
- Implementation
- After the fact
- Defining 'learning moments' what are they?



### Approach to inquiry

| Type of<br>questions  | Who to<br>involve in<br>shaping<br>question | Approaches<br>to<br>answering<br>question | Who to<br>involve in<br>answering<br>question | How to<br>apply the<br>learning |
|---|---|---|---|---------------------------------|
| Assumption,<br>hypothesis,<br>context,<br>performance,<br>process,<br>effectiveness |   |   |   |                                 |